



NAME OF COMPANY ASTRA HÄSSLE AB	Clinical Study Synopsis	(FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITY USE ONLY)
TRADE NAME(S)		
NAMES OF ACTIVE INGREDIENT(S) INN H 199/18 and quinidine	REFERENCE IN THE DOSSIER VOLUME	
	REF. NUMBER	STUDY CODE SH-QBE-0005
	PAGE	REPORT NO. SH-QBE-0005

TITLE OF THE STUDY
**PHARMACOKINETICS OF QUINIDINE WITH AND WITHOUT CO-
ADMINISTRATION OF H 199/18 SODIUM IN HEALTHY VOLUNTEERS**

STUDY CENTRE

Quintiles AB, Islandsgatan 2, S-753 18, Uppsala, Sweden
(former PMC Drug Study Unit AB)

STUDY PERIOD

April 27 - June 19, 1995

CLINICAL PHASE

I

OBJECTIVES

The primary objective was to study the pharmacokinetics of quinidine sulphate and the formation of one of its active metabolites, 3-hydroxyquinidine, after a single oral dose during repeated oral administration of H 199/18 or placebo in healthy subjects.

STUDY DESIGN

The study was performed as a double-blind, randomised, two-way cross-over trial in which each subject received 30 mg H 199/18 given orally as its corresponding sodium salt in a solution or placebo solution once daily for 6 days. On day 5 a single dose of 400 mg quinidine sulphate was administered orally.

NUMBER OF SUBJECTS

Twelve healthy male subjects were included in the study.

DIAGNOSIS AND CRITERIA FOR INCLUSION

Inclusion criteria: male, 20 - 40 years of age, normal laboratory and physical findings prior to the study entry and signed informed consent.

INVESTIGATIONAL PRODUCT

Thirty mg H 199/18 (batch No. H 1103-1-2-1) or placebo (batch No. H 1163-1-1-1) was given as an oral solution once daily for 6 days and 400 mg quinidine sulphate (commercially available) was administered orally as a tablet on day 5.

REFERENCE DRUG

Placebo (batch No. H 1163-1-1-1)

DURATION OF TREATMENT

Six days

ASSESSMENT METHODS

H 199/18 or placebo was given orally to the subjects for 6 days. Quindinine was given to the subjects as tablets on day 5. Plasma concentrations of H 199/18 (days 1 and 5), quinidine and hydroxyquinidine (day 5) were analysed.

STATISTICAL METHODS

A mixed analysis of variance model was used. The result was stated as 95% confidence intervals for the mean ratios and p-values for the corresponding tests. Descriptive statistic was performed in all kinetic variables

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

The area under the plasma drug concentration-time curve from time 0 to infinity (AUC) of quinidine ($60 \mu\text{mol}\cdot\text{h}/\text{L}$) during treatment with H 199/18 was similar to that during placebo treatment ($53 \mu\text{mol}\cdot\text{h}/\text{L}$) with p-value= 0.08. The AUC of hydroxyquinidine ($10 \mu\text{mol}\cdot\text{h}/\text{L}$) during treatment with H 199/18 was also similar to that during placebo treatment ($10 \mu\text{mol}\cdot\text{h}/\text{L}$) with p-value= 0.77.

The AUC after H 199/18 oral administration was higher ($7.1 \mu\text{mol}\cdot\text{h}/\text{L}$) on day 5 compared to day 1 ($2.7 \mu\text{mol}\cdot\text{h}/\text{L}$).

Repeated doses of H 199/18 together with single dose of quinidine were well tolerated.

CLINICAL STUDY SYNOPSIS
STUDY CODE SH-QBE-0005

DATE: 1997-04-11